

Total national energy consumption

Dimension - Environment

Associated Key Factor:

Energy use and prices

Data Source:

Eurostat

L-2920 Luxembourg

http://www.eu-datashop.de/datenba/EN/allgem/nc_them.htm

<http://europa.eu.int/eurostat>

General Availability:

Reporting unit: MTOE

Reporting level: national

Reporting period: annually

Data available from 1985 to 2000

Availability by country:

1985 - 1998: EU-15

1985 - 1998: Member States (EU-15)

1999 - : Accession Countries

1999 - : EU-15+AC

The indicator:

The combination of this indicator with the regional share of each economic sector, an increasing regional energy consumption can give information on the energy intensity of an economy.

Description

Is a measure of energy delivered to the final user. It therefore includes energy sources which are delivered to final users, including electricity, but it excludes energy which is lost in the process of transforming primary energy sources into delivered energy. (EEA: Statistical Compendium 1995)

How is it measured?

Data is obtained from balance sheets compiled by the International Energy Agency (IEA). For EU member states Eurostat has their own balance sheets.

What are the disadvantages of the Indicator?

Indicator does not include marine bunkers.

What is the policy relevance of the indicator?

This indicator is relevant for policies aiming to reduce GHG emissions in general and to reach targets of the Kyoto protocol.

The Indicator is relevant for the following pathways of the FORESIGHT FOR TRANSPORT exercise: